

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) An apparatus Device (22)-comprising:  
~~a communication system transceiver (40) for exchanging signals via a radio interface in a first frequency band;~~  
~~a receiver (30) for receiving signals via a radio interface in a second frequency band;~~  
~~a processor configured to detect processing portion (34) for detecting presence of interfering signals in said second frequency band, wherein said second frequency band is used by a receiver to receive signals via a radio interface, and wherein said receiver is combined in a single device with a communication system transceiver exchanging signals via a radio interface in a first frequency band, -and to determine for determining a timing pattern for detected interfering signals based on a timing information provided by said communication system transceiver-(40), which timing information is indicative of timing for transmissions employed by said communication system transceiver-(40); and~~  
~~a said processor configured to cause processing portion (34) for causing a manipulation of signals reaching said receiver-(30) during time intervals defined by a determined timing pattern, in order to reduce a performance degradation due to interfering signals originating from a transmitter external to said device, which transmitter employs-(21) employing-a same timing for transmissions as said communication system transceiver-(40) of said device~~(22).
2. (Currently Amended) The apparatus Device (22)-according to claim 194, wherein said processor configured to detect processing portion (41) detecting the presence of interfering signals in said second frequency band forms a part of said communication system transceiver-(40).
3. (Currently Amended) The apparatus Device (22)-according to claim 194, wherein said processor configured to detect processing portion (34) detecting

the presence of interfering signals in said second frequency band forms a part of said receiver-(30).

4. (Currently Amended) The apparatus Device (22)-according to claim 194, wherein said receiver-(30) includes an attenuator attenuating component (33), and wherein said processor configured to cause processing portion (34) for causing a manipulation of signals reaching said receiver-(30) is configured to cause causes-said manipulation by varying an attenuation applied by said attenuator attenuating component (33)-based on said timing pattern for attenuating signals received by said receiver-(30).
5. (Currently Amended) The apparatus Device (22)-according to claim 4, wherein said processor configured to cause processing portion (34) for causing a manipulation of signals reaching said receiver-(30) is configured to set sets said attenuation higher as an intensity of detected interfering signals becomes higher.
6. (Currently Amended) The apparatus Device according to claim 1, wherein said processor configured to cause processing portion for causing a manipulation of signals reaching said receiver is configured to cause causes-said manipulation by causing a blocking of a reception of said signals based on said timing pattern.
7. (Currently Amended) The apparatus Device according to claim 1, wherein said processor configured to cause processing portion for causing a manipulation of signals reaching said receiver is configured to cause causes-said manipulation by causing a disregarding of said signals in an evaluation of said signals based on said timing pattern.
8. (Currently Amended) The apparatus Device according to claim 1, wherein said processor configured to cause processing portion for causing a manipulation of

signals reaching said receiver is configured to cause causes said manipulation by detuning said second frequency range.

9. (Currently Amended) The apparatus Device (22) according to claim 1, wherein said processor configured to cause a manipulation of signals reaching said receiver is configured to cause processing portion (34) is for causing a manipulation of signals reaching said receiver (30) in time intervals during which said communication system transceiver (40) of said device device (22) transmits signals at least with a certain power level, in order to reduce a performance degradation due to interfering signals originating from said communication system transceiver (40) of said device device (22).
10. (Currently Amended) The apparatus Device (22) according to claim 194, wherein said receiver (30) is one of a satellite positioning system receiver and a digital video broadcast-terrestrial receiver.
11. (Cancelled)
12. (Currently Amended) A method~~Method for improving the performance of a receiver (30), which receiver (30) is combined in a single device (22) with a communication system transceiver (40) exchanging signals via a radio interface in a first frequency band, and which receiver (30) receives signals via a radio interface in a second frequency band, said method comprising:~~

detecting presence of interfering signals in a ~~said~~ second frequency band, wherein said second frequency band is used by a receiver to receive signals via a radio interface, and wherein said receiver is combined in a single device with a communication system transceiver exchanging signals via a radio interface in a first frequency band;

determining a timing pattern for detected interfering signals based on a timing information which is indicative of timing for transmissions employed by said communication system transceiver (40); and

manipulating signals reaching said receiver-(30) during time intervals defined by said timing pattern, in order to reduce a performance degradation due to interfering signals originating from a transmitter external to said device, which transmitter employs-(21) employing a same timing for transmissions as said communication system transceiver-(40) of said device-(22).

13. (Currently Amended) The method Method according to claim 12, further comprising manipulating signals reaching said receiver-(30) during time intervals in which said communication system transceiver-(40) of said device-(22) transmits signals at least with a certain power level, in order to reduce a performance degradation due to interfering signals originating from said communication system transceiver-(40) of said device-(22).
14. (Currently Amended) The method Method according to claim 12, wherein signals reaching said receiver-(30) are manipulated by applying an attenuation to signals received by said receiver-(30).
15. (Currently Amended) The method Method according to claim 14, wherein said attenuation applied to signals reaching said receiver-(30) is made higher in correspondence to higher intensity of detected interfering signals.
16. (Currently Amended) The method Method according to claim 12, wherein signals reaching said receiver are manipulated by being blocked from reception by said receiver.
17. (Currently Amended) The method Method according to claim 12, wherein signals reaching said receiver are manipulated by being disregarded in an evaluation of signals in said receiver.

18. (Currently Amended) The method Method according to claim 12, wherein signals reaching said receiver are manipulated by detuning said second frequency range.
19. (New) The apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising:
  - said communication system transceiver; and
  - said receiver.
20. (New) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said apparatus is a mobile phone or a laptop.
21. (New) An apparatus comprising:
  - means for detecting presence of interfering signals in a second frequency band, wherein said second frequency band is used by a receiver to receive signals via a radio interface, and wherein said receiver is combined in a single device with a communication system transceiver exchanging signals via a radio interface in a first frequency band;
  - means for determining a timing pattern for detected interfering signals based on a timing information which is indicative of timing for transmissions employed by said communication system transceiver; and
  - means for manipulating signals reaching said receiver during time intervals defined by said timing pattern, in order to reduce a performance degradation due to interfering signals originating from a transmitter external to said device, which transmitter employs a same timing for transmissions as said communication system transceiver of said device.